Narula Institute of Technology

81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kolkata-700109, W.B.



Zero tolerance policy towards sexual harassment of women employees and students

Approved by BOG Dated on 9.7,2016 Under Agenda No. 11

Ref. No: NIT/PRIN/ASHP/2016/01

Date of Issue: 11.7.2016

Compiled & Checked By:

Registrar, NiT

Approved By:

Principal, NiT

NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY 81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kol-109

Narula Institute of Technology

81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara,

Kolkata-700109

Zero tolerance policy towards sexual harassment of women

employees and students

Narula Institute of Technology has constituted an Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) as per the directives from UGC vide letter No. 91-3/2014(GS) dated 28th January, 2015 as per sexual harassment at workplace (prevention, prohibition and Redressal) act, 2013. The institute shall strictly adhere to the UGC (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015, published on 2nd May 2016. The rules and regulations are summarized as follows.

1. Short title, application and commencement:

- (1) These regulations may be called the University Grants Commission (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015.
- (2) They shall apply to all higher educational institutions in India.
- (3) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. Definitions:

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,-

(a) "aggrieved woman" means in relation to work place, a woman of any age whether employed or not, who alleges to have been subjected to any act of sexual harassment by the respondent;

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9,7,2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal

NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kol-109

Page 1 of 16

- (b) 'Act' means the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (14 of 2013);
- (c) "campus" means the location or the land on which a Higher Educational Institution and its related institutional facilities like libraries, laboratories, lecture halls, residences, halls, toilets, student centres, hostels, dining halls, stadiums, parking areas, parks-like settings and other amenities like health centres, canteens, Bank counters, etc., are situated and also includes extended campus and covers within its scope places visited as a student of the HEI including transportation provided for the purpose of commuting to and from the institution, the locations outside the institution on field trips, internships, study tours, excursions, short-term placements, places used for camps, cultural festivals, sports meets and such other activities where a person is participating in the capacity of an employee or a student of the HEI;
- (d) "covered individuals" are persons who have engaged in protected activity such as filing a sexual harassment charge, or who are closely associated with an individual who has engaged in protected activity and such person can be an employee or a fellow student or guardian of the offended person;
- (e) "employee" means a person as defined in the Act and also includes, for the purposes of these Regulations trainee, apprentice (or called by any other name), interns, volunteers, teacher assistants, research assistants, whether employed or not, including those involved in field studies, projects, short-visits and camps;
- (f) "Executive Authority" means the chief executive authority of the HEI, by whatever name called, in which the general administration of the HEI is vested. For public funded institutions the Executive Authority means the Disciplinary Authority as indicated in Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965 or its equivalent rules;
- (g) "Internal Complaints Committee" (ICC) means Internal Complaints Committee to be constituted by the institute under sub regulation (1) of regulation 4 of these regulations.

Approved by BOG
Dated on 9.7.2016
Under Agenda No.: 11



(h) "protected activity" includes reasonable opposition to a practice believed to violate sexual harassment laws on behalf of oneself or others such as participation in sexual harassment proceedings, cooperating with an internal investigation or alleged sexual harassment practices or acting as a witness in an investigation by an outside agency or in litigation;

(i) "sexual harassment" means-

i. "An unwanted conduct with sexual undertones if it occurs or which is persistent and which demeans, humiliates or creates a hostile and intimidating environment or is calculated to induce submission by actual or threatened adverse consequences and includes any one or more or all of the following unwelcome acts or behaviour (whether directly or by implication), namely;-

(a) any unwelcome physical, verbal or non-verbal conduct of sexual nature;

(b) demand or request for sexual favours;

(c) making sexually coloured remarks

(d) physical contact and advances; or

(e) showing pornography

ii. any one (or more than one or all) of the following circumstances, if it occurs or is present in relation or connected with any behaviour that has explicit or implicit sexual undertones-

(a) implied or explicit promise of preferential treatment as quid pro quo for sexual favours;

(b) implied or explicit threat of detrimental treatment in the conduct of work;

(c) implied or explicit threat about the present or future status of the person concerned;

(d) creating an intimidating offensive or hostile learning environment;

(e) humiliating treatment likely to affect the health, safety dignity or physical integrity of

the person concerned;

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9.7.2016

Under Agenda No. 1

Principal
ARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
ARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(j) "student" means a person duly admitted and pursuing a programme of study either through regular mode or distance mode, including short-term training programmes in the

institute;

(k) Provided that a student who is in the process of taking admission in the institute

campus, although not yet admitted, shall be treated, for the purposes of these regulations,

as a student of the institute, where any incident of sexual harassment takes place against

such student;

Provided that a student who is a participant in any of the activities in the institute other

than the institute where such student is enrolled shall be treated, for the purposes of these

regulations, as a student of the institute where any incident of sexual harassment takes

place against such student;

(l) "third Party Harassment" refers to a situation where sexual harassment occurs as a

result of an act or omission by any third party or outsider, who is not an employee or a

student of the institute, but a visitor to the institute in some other capacity or for some

other purpose or reason;

(m) "victimisation" means any unfavourable treatment meted out to a person with an

implicit or explicit intention to obtain sexual favour;

(n) "workplace" means the campus of the institute including-

(a) Any department, organisation, undertaking, establishment, enterprise, institution,

office, branch or unit which is established, owned, controlled or wholly or

substantially financed by funds provided directly or indirectly by the institute;

(b) Any sports institute, stadium, sports complex or competition or games venue,

whether residential or not used for training, sports or other activities relating thereof

in the institute;

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9,7, 2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal
NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kol-109

Page 4 of 16

(c) Any place visited by the employee or student arising out of or during the course of employment or study including transportation provided by the Executive Authority for undertaking such journey for study in the institute.

3. Responsibilities:

- (1) This institute shall
- (a) Wherever required, appropriately subsume the spirit of the above definitions in its policy and regulations on prevention and prohibition of sexual harassment against the employees and the students, and modify its ordinances and rules in consonance with the requirements of the Regulations;
- (b) publicly notify the provisions against sexual harassment and ensure their wide dissemination;
- (c) organise training programmes or as the case may be, workshops for the officers, functionaries, faculty and students, as indicated in the SAKSHAM Report (Measures for Ensuring the Safety of Women and Programmes for Gender Sensitization on Campuses) of the Commission, to sensitize them and ensure knowledge and awareness of the rights, entitlements and responsibilities enshrined in the Act and under these regulations;
- (d) act decisively against all gender based violence perpetrated against employees and students of all sexes recognising that primarily women employees and students and some male students and students of the third gender are vulnerable to many forms of sexual harassment and humiliation and exploitation;
- (e) publicly commit itself to a zero tolerance policy towards sexual harassment;
- (f) reinforce its commitment to creating its campus free from discrimination, harassment, retaliation or sexual assault at all levels;
- (g) create awareness about what constitutes sexual harassment including hostile environment harassment and quid pro quo harassment;

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9.7.2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Page 5 of 16

(h) include in its prospectus and display prominently at conspicuous places or Notice Boards the penalty and consequences of sexual harassment and make all sections of the institutional community aware of the information on the mechanism put in place for redressal of complaints pertaining to sexual harassment, contact details of members of Internal Complaints Committee, complaints procedure and so on. Any existing body already functioning with the same objective (like the Gender Sensitization Committee Against Sexual Harassment (GSCASH)) should be reconstituted as the ICC; Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required for ICC under these regulations. Provided further that such a Body shall be bound by the provisions of these regulations;

- (i) inform employees and students of the recourse available to them if they are victims of sexual harassment;
- (j) organise regular orientation or training programmes for the members of the ICC to deal with complaints, steer the process of settlement or conciliation, etc., with sensitivity;
- (k) proactively move to curb all forms of harassment of employees and students whether it is from those in a dominant power or hierarchical relationship within HEIs or owing to intimate partner violence or from peers or from elements outside of the geographical limits of the HEI;
- (l) be responsible to bring those guilty of sexual harassment against its employees and students to book and initiate all proceedings as required by law and also put in place mechanisms and redressal systems like the ICC to curb and prevent sexual harassment on its campus;
- (m) treat sexual harassment as a misconduct under service rules and initiate action for misconduct if the perpetrator is an employee;
- (n) treat sexual harassment as a violation of the disciplinary rules (leading up to rustication

and expulsion) if the perpetrator is a student;
Approved by BOG
Dated on 9.7.2016
Under Agenda No. 11

Principal

NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kol-100

Page 6 of 16

- (o) ensure compliance with the provisions of these regulations, including appointment of ICC, within a period of sixty days from the date of publication of these regulations;
- (p) monitor the timely submission of reports by the ICC;
- (q) prepare an annual status report with details on the number of cases filed and their disposal and submit the same to the Commission.
- (2) Supportive measures taken by the institute:
 - 1. The rules, regulations or any such other instrument by which ICC shall function shall be updated and revised from time-to-time, as court judgments and other laws and rules shall continue to revise the legal framework within which the Act is to be implemented.
 - 2. The Executive Authority of the institute shall mandatorily extend full support to see that the recommendations of the ICC are implemented in a timely manner. All possible institutional resources must be given to the functioning of the ICC, including office and building infrastructure (computers, photocopiers, audio-video, equipment, etc.), staff (typists, counselling and legal services) as, well as a sufficient allocation of financial resources.
 - 3. Vulnerable groups are particularly prone to harassment and also find it more difficult to complain. Vulnerability can be socially compounded by region, class, caste, sexual orientation, minority identity and by being differently abled. Enabling committees shall be sensitive to such vulnerabilities and special needs.
- 4. The institute shall conduct a regular and half yearly review of the efficacy and implementation of their anti-sexual harassment policy.
- 5. All Academic Staff Colleges (now known as Human Resource Development Centres (HRDCs)) and Regional Centres for Capacity Building (RCCBs) must incorporate sessions on gender in their orientation and refresher courses. This should be across

Approved by BOG
Dated on 9, 7, 2016
Under Agenda No. 14

Principal

NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGYPage 7 of 16

81, Nilguni Road, Agarpara, Kol-100

- disciplines, and preferably mainstreamed using the UGC SAKSHAM Report which provides indicative modules in this regard.
- 6. Orientation courses for administrators conducted in the institute shall have a module on gender sensitization and sexual harassment issues. Regular workshops are to be conducted for all sections of the institute.
- 7. Counselling services shall be institutionalised in the institute and must have well trained full-time counsellors.
- 8. The institute shall provide adequate lighting in the campus, as a necessary aspect of infrastructure and maintenance for safety.
- 9. The institute shall have adequate and well trained security including a good proportion or balance of women security staff is necessary. Security staff must receive gender sensitization training as a part of conditions of appointment.
- 10. The institute shall ensure reliable public transport, if necessary.
- 11. The institute shall accord priority to the construction and maintainence of women's hostels.
- 12. Concern for the safety of women students must not be cited to impose discriminatory rules for women in the hostels as compared to male students. Campus safety policies should not result in securitization, such as over monitoring or policing or curtailing the freedom of movement, especially for women employees and students.
- 13. Adequate health facilities are equally mandatory for the institute. In the case of women this must include gender sensitive doctors and nurses, as well as the services of a gynaecologist.
- 14. The Women's Development Cells in the institute shall be revived and funded to be able to carry out the range of activities required for gender sensitization and remain autonomous of the functioning of anti-sexual harassment committees and ICCs. At

Approved by BOG
Dated on 9, 7, 2016
Under Agenda No. 11



the same time they shall extend their activities to include gender sensitization programmes in consultation with ICCs and help to disseminate antisexual harassment policies on campuses on a regular basis. The 'cultural' space and the 'formal academic space' need to collaborate to render these workshops innovative, engaging and nonmechanical.

15. Hostel Wardens, Provosts, Principals, Vice Chancellors, Legal Officers and other functionaries must be brought within the domain of accountability through amendments in the rules or Ordinances where necessary.

4. Grievance redressal mechanism:

(1) This institute shall constitute an Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) with an inbuilt mechanism for gender sensitization against sexual harassment. The ICC shall have the following composition:-

(a) A Presiding Officer who shall be a woman faculty member employed at a senior level (not below a Professor in case of a university, and not below an Associate Professor or Reader in case of a college) at the educational institution, nominated by the Executive Authority; Provided that in case a senior level woman employee is not available, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from other offices or administrative units of the workplace referred to in sub-section 2(0);

Provided further that in case the other offices or administrative units of the workplace do not have a senior level woman employee, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from any other workplace of the same employer or other department or organization;"

(b) two faculty members and two non-teaching employees, preferably committed to the cause of women or who have had experience in social work or have legal knowledge, nominated by the Executive Authority;

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9, 7, 2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal
NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
81, Nilguni Road, Agarpara, Kol-109

Page 9 of 16

(c) Three students, if the matter involves students, who shall be enrolled at the undergraduate, master's, and research scholar levels respectively, elected through transparent democratic procedure;

(d) one member from amongst non-government organisations or associations committed to the cause of women or a person familiar with the issues relating to sexual harassment, nominated by the Executive Authority.

(2) At least one-half of the total members of the ICC shall be women.

(3) Persons in senior administrative positions in the institute, such as Vice-Chancellor, Pro Vice-Chancellors, Rectors, Registrar, Deans, Heads of Departments, etc., shall not be members of ICCs in order to ensure autonomy of their functioning.

(4) The term of office of the members of the ICC shall be for a period of three years. The institute may also employ a system whereby one –third of the members of the ICC may change every year according to the necessity.

(5) The Member appointed form amongst the non-governmental organizations or associations shall be paid such fees or allowances for holding the proceedings of the Internal Committee, by the Executive Authority as may be prescribed.

(6) Where the Presiding Officer or any member of the Internal Committee:

(a) contravenes the provisions of section 16 of the Act; or

(b) has been convicted for an offence or an inquiry into an offence under any law for the time being in force is pending against him; or

(c) he has been found guilty in any disciplinary proceedings or a disciplinary proceeding is pending against him; or

(d) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest,

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9, 7, 2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal
NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
31, Nilsoni Road, Agarmana, Kol-10° Page 10 of 16

such Presiding Officer or Member, as the case may be, shall be removed from the Committee and the vacancy so created or any casual vacancy shall be filled by fresh nomination in accordance with the provisions of this section."

5. Responsibilities of Internal Complaints Committee (ICC):

The Internal Complaints Committee shall:

- (a) provide assistance if an employee or a student chooses to file a complaint with the police;
- (b) provide mechanisms of dispute redressal and dialogue to anticipate and address issues through just and fair conciliation without undermining complainant's rights, and minimize the need for purely punitive approaches that lead to further resentment, alienation or violence;
- (c) protect the safety of the complainant by not divulging the person's identity, and provide the mandatory relief by way of sanctioned leave or relaxation of attendance requirement or transfer to another department or supervisor as required during the pendency of the complaint, or also provide for the transfer of the offender;
- (d) ensure that victims or witnesses are not victimised or discriminated against while dealing with complaints of sexual harassment; and
- (e) ensure prohibition of retaliation or adverse action against a covered individual because the employee or the student is engaged in protected activity.

6. The process for making complaint and conducting Inquiry:

The ICC shall comply with the procedure prescribed in these Regulations and the Act, for making a complaint and inquiring into the complaint in a time bound manner. The institute shall provide all necessary facilities to the ICC to conduct the inquiry expeditiously and with required privacy.

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9.7.2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal
NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
31, Nilsuni Road, Agarpara, Kol-109

Page 11 of 16

7. Process of making complaint of sexual harassment:

An aggrieved person is required to submit a written complaint to the ICC within three months

from the date of the incident and in case of a series of incidents within a period of three

months from the date of the last incident.

Provided that where such complaint cannot be made in writing, the Presiding Officer or any

Member of the Internal Committee shall render all reasonable assistance to the person for

making the complaint in writing;

Provided further that the ICC may, for the reasons to be accorded in the writing, extend the

time limit not exceeding three months, if it is satisfied that the circumstances were such

which prevented the person from filing a complaint within the said period."

Friends, relatives, Colleagues, Co-students, Psychologist, or any other associate of the victim

may file the complaint in situations where the aggrieved person is unable to make a

complaint on account of physical or mental in capacity or death.

8. Process of conducting Inquiry-

(1) The ICC shall, upon receipt of the complaint, send one copy of the complaint to the

respondent within a period of seven days of such receipt.

(2) Upon receipt of the copy of the complaint, the respondent shall file his or her reply to the

complaint along with the list of documents, and names and addresses of witnesses within one

day.

(3) The ICC shall start to take action on "AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE" basis on receipt of a

complaint/issue and maintain a strict deadline of maximum 3 days to complete the process.

The inquiry report, with recommendations, if any, has to be submitted within 4 days from the

completion of the inquiry to the Executive Authority of the institute. Copy of the findings or

recommendations shall also be served on both parties to the complaint.

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9.7.2016

Under Agenda No. | |

NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Page 12 of 16

81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kol-109

(4) The Executive Authority of the institute shall act on the recommendations of the committee within a period of 2 days from the receipt of the inquiry report, unless an appeal against the findings is filed within that time by either party.

(5) An appeal against the findings or /recommendations of the ICC may be filed by either party before the Executive Authority of the institute within a period of thirty days from the date of the recommendations

(6) If the Executive Authority of the institute decides not to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then it shall record written reasons for the same to be conveyed to ICC and both the parties to the proceedings. If on the other hand it is decided to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then a show cause notice, answerable within ten days, shall be served on the party against whom action is decided to be taken. The Executive Authority of the HEI shall proceed only after considering the reply or hearing the aggrieved person.

(7) The aggrieved party may seek conciliation in order to settle the matter. No monetary settlement should be made as a basis of conciliation. The institute shall facilitate a conciliation process through ICC, as the case may be, once it is sought. The resolution of the conflict to the full satisfaction of the aggrieved party wherever possible, is preferred to purely punitive intervention.

(8) The identities of the aggrieved party or victim or the witness or the offender shall not be made public or kept in the public domain especially during the process of the inquiry.

9. Interim redressal:

The institute may,

(a) transfer the complainant or the respondent to another section or department to minimise the risks involved in contact or interaction, if such a recommendation is made by the ICC;

(b) grant leave to the aggrieved with full protection of status and benefits for a period up to three months;

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9. 7. 2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal
NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
31, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kol-109

Page 13 of 16

- (c) restrain the respondent from reporting on or evaluating the work or performance or tests or examinations of the complainant;
- (d) ensure that offenders are warned to keep a distance from the aggrieved, and wherever necessary, if there is a definite threat, restrain their entry into the campus;
- (e) take strict measures to provide a conducive environment of safety and protection to the complainant against retaliation and victimisation as a consequence of making a complaint of sexual harassment.

10. Punishment and compensation:

- (1) Anyone found guilty of sexual harassment shall be punished in accordance with the service rules of the institute, if the offender is an employee.
- (2) Where the respondent is a student, depending upon the severity of the offence, the institute may,-
 - (a) withhold privileges of the student such as access to the library, auditoria, halls of residence, transportation, scholarships, allowances, and identity card;
 - (b) suspend or restrict entry into the campus for a specific period;
 - (c) expel and strike off name from the rolls of the institution, including denial of readmission, if the offence so warrants;
 - (d) award reformative punishments like mandatory counselling and, or, performance of community services.
- (3) The aggrieved person is entitled to the payment of compensation. The institute shall issue direction for payment of the compensation recommended by the ICC and accepted by the Executive Authority, which shall be recovered from the offender. The compensation payable shall be determined on the basis of-

(a) mental trauma, pain, suffering and distress caused to the aggrieved person;

(b) the loss of career opportunity due to the incident of sexual harasometric of ved by BOG

on 9. 7. 2016

Agenda No. 11 Approved by BOG Dated on 9. 7. 2016 Page 14 of 16

Under Agenda No. 11

(c) the medical expenses incurred by the victim for physical, psychiatric treatment;

(d) the income and status of the alleged perpetrator and victim; and

(e) the feasibility of such payment in lump sum or in instalments.

11. Action against frivolous complaint:

To ensure that the provisions for the protection of employees and students from sexual harassment do not get misused, provisions against false or malicious complaints have to be made and publicised within the institute. If the ICC concludes that the allegations made were false, malicious or the complaint was made knowing it to be untrue, or forged or misleading information has been provided during the inquiry, the complainant shall be liable to be punished as per the provisions of subregulations (1) of regulations 10, if the complainant happens to be an employee and as per sub-regulation (2) of that regulation, if the complainant happens to be a student. However, the mere inability to substantiate a complaint or provide adequate proof will not attract attention against the complainant. Malicious intent on the part of the complainant shall not be established without an inquiry, in accordance with the

12. Consequences of non-compliance:

(1) The Commission shall, in respect of any institution that will fully contravenes or

procedure prescribed, conducted before any action is recommended.

repeatedly fails to comply with the obligations and duties laid out for the prevention,

prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of employees and students, take one or more

of the following actions after providing due notice:

(a) withdrawal of declaration of fitness to receive grants under section 12B of the University

Grants Commission Act, 1956.

(b) removing the name of the university or college from the list maintained by the

commission under clause (f) of section 2 of said Act, 1956;

(c) withholding any grant allocated to the institution;

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9, 7, 2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal
NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Page 15 of 16

(d) declaring the institution ineligible for consideration for any assistance under any of the

general or special assistance programmes of the Commission;

(e) informing the general public, including potential candidates for employment or admission,

through a notice displayed prominently in the newspapers or other suitable media and posted

on the website of the Commission, declaring that the institution does not provide for a zero

tolerance policy against sexual harassment;

(f) recommending the affiliating university for withdrawal of affiliation, in case of a college;

(g) recommending the Central Government for withdrawal of declaration as an institution

deemed to be university, in case of an institution deemed to be university;

(h) recommending the appropriate State Government for withdrawal of status as university in

case of a university established or incorporated under a State Act.

(i) taking such other action within its powers as it may deem fit and impose such other

penalties as may be provided in the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 for such

duration of time till the institution complies with the provisions of these regulations.

(2) No action shall be taken by the Commission under these regulations unless the Institution

has been given an opportunity to explain its position and an opportunity of being heard has

been provided to it.

Approved by BOG

Dated on 9.7.2016

Under Agenda No. 11

Principal

NARULA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY 81, Nilgunj Road, Agarpara, Kol-109